

# Dr. Geoffrey J. Goodhill

Associate Professor

Queensland Brain Institute & School of Mathematics and Physics  
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## Education & Training

**B.Sc. (1983-1986)** Joint Honours Mathematics and Physics, University of Bristol.

**M.Sc. (1987-1988)** Artificial Intelligence, University of Edinburgh. Thesis supervised by Professor David J. Willshaw: "Application of the Elastic Net Algorithm to the Formation of Ocular Dominance Stripes".

**Ph.D. (1988-1992)** Cognitive Science, University of Sussex. Thesis supervised by Professor Harry G. Barrow: "Correlations, Competition and Optimality: Modelling the Development of Topography and Ocular Dominance".

**Postdoc (1992-1994)** Cognitive Science / Neuroscience, University of Edinburgh. Theoretical work with Professor David J. Willshaw, experimental work with Dr. David J. Price.

**Postdoc (1994-1995)** Neuroscience, Baylor College of Medicine, with Professor P. Read Montague.

**Postdoc (1995-1996)** Neuroscience, Salk Institute (Sloan Center for Theoretical Neurobiology). Theoretical work with Professor Terry J. Sejnowski, experimental work with Professor Dennis D.M. O'Leary.

## Professional Experience

**Assistant Professor (1996-1999)** Georgetown Institute for Cognitive and Computational Sciences / Department of Neurology, Georgetown University Medical Center.

**Assistant Professor (1999-2001)** Department of Neuroscience, Georgetown University Medical Center.

**Associate Professor (2001-2004)** Department of Neuroscience, Georgetown University Medical Center.

**Associate Professor (2005-present)** Queensland Brain Institute & School of Mathematics and Physics, The University of Queensland.

## Honours and Awards

**1988** Rank Xerox Prize for best M.Sc. thesis in School of Information Technology at Edinburgh University (out of approximately 100 students).

**1992-1994** Medical Research Council (UK) Postdoctoral Training Fellowship.

**1999** Nominated by Georgetown University for Howard Hughes Investigator position in Computational Biology.

**2004** Nominated by Georgetown University for Howard Hughes Investigator position.

## Editorial responsibilities

**2005-present** Editor-in-Chief of *Network: Computation in Neural Systems* (Informa).

**2006-2008:** Editorial Board member for *Debates in Neuroscience* (Springer).

## Research Grants

### Current

**ARC grant DP0878939**, “A new theory for retinotectal map formation”, AU\$230,000 (1/08 - 12/10). CI: Geoffrey Goodhill.

**NHMRC grant 456003**, “ The dynamics of gradient sensing by growth cones: timelapse imaging and mathematical modelling”, AU\$468,000 (1/07 - 12/09). CI: Geoffrey Goodhill.

**NHMRC grant 525459**, “ Studying development of the visual brain”, AU\$468,000 (1/09 - 12/11). co-CI (CI: Michael Ibbotson).

**HFSP grant RPG0029/2008-C**, “Self-organized wiring of the cerebral cortex through thalamocortical growth cones: an integrated approach”, US\$1.3M (9/08 - 8/10). co-CI (CI: Guillermina Lopez-Bendito).

**ARC/NHMRC grant TS0669699**, “Thinking Systems: Navigating Through Real and Conceptual Spaces”, AU\$3.3M (7/06 - 6/11). co-CI (CI: Janet Wiles).

**ARC/NHMRC grant TS0669860**, “Optimizing autonomous system control with brain-like hierarchical control systems”, AU\$3.3M (7/06 - 6/11). co-CI (CI: Michael Breakspear).

### Previous

**ARC grant DP0666126**, “Wiring up the nervous system: how do axons detect molecular gradients?”, AU\$450,000 (1/06 - 12/08). CI: Geoffrey Goodhill.

**NIH grant R01 MH073357, subcontract**, “Spontaneous activity, lateral interactions and cortical maps”, approx US\$1.5M total (7/04 - 6/08). co-PI (PI: Kwabena Boahen).

**NIH grant R03 EY014555**, “Mechanisms of retinotectal map development”, US\$349,200 total (3/03 - 1/05). PI: Geoffrey Goodhill.

**NIH grant R01 NS046059**, “Mechanisms of axonal gradient detection”, US\$714,798 total (9/02 - 8/05) PI: Geoffrey Goodhill.

**NSF grant BITS 0130822**, “Epigenetic computers: an in vitro, in abstractio, and in silico study”, approx. US\$1.0M total (10/01 - 9/04, 5% effort). co-PI (PI: Kwabena Boahen).

**Whitaker Foundation grant**, “The generation of precisely controlled chemical gradients for axon guidance”, US\$239,725 total (12/00 - 11/03). PI: Jeffrey Urbach.

**NIH grant R21 NS39354**, “Precisely controlled gradients for axon guidance”, US\$228,744 total (2/00 - 1/03). PI: Geoffrey Goodhill.

**NIH grant R01 EY12544**, “The Development and Structure of Visual Cortical Maps”, US\$529,164 total (10/99 - 9/04) PI: Geoffrey Goodhill.

**NIH grant R55RR13342**, “Precisely controlled gradients for axon guidance”, US\$100,000 total (10/98 - 1/00). PI: Geoffrey Goodhill.

**NSF grant IBN-9808364**, “The Development and Structure of Visual Cortical Maps”, US\$66,298 total (1/98 - 9/99). PI: Geoffrey Goodhill.

**DoD grant DAMD17-93-V-3018**, “Georgetown Institute for Cognitive and Computational Sciences” (10/96 - 9/01). Institutional PI: Alan I. Faden.

## Publications

### Original papers and reviews in refereed journals

38. Hunt, J.J., Giacomantonio, C.E., Tang, H., Mortimer, D., Jaffer, S., Vorobyov, V., Ericksson, G., Sengpiel, F. & Goodhill, G.J. (2008). Abnormal visual input during development does not alter the co-circularity statistics of orientation maps in visual cortex. *Neuroimage*, in press.
37. Rosoff, W.J., McAllister, R.G., Goodhill, G.J. & Urbach, J.S. (2009). Quantitative Studies of Neuronal Chemotaxis in 3D. *Methods in Molecular Biology*, in press.
36. Simpson, H., Mortimer, D. & Goodhill, G.J. (2009). Theoretical models of neural circuit development. *Current Topics in Developmental Biology*, in press.
35. Pujic, Z., Mortimer, D., Feldner, J. & Goodhill, G.J. (2009). Assays for Eukaryotic Cell Chemotaxis. *Combinatorial Chemistry and High-throughput Screening*, in press.
34. Pujic, Z., Giacomantonio, C.E., Unni, D., Rosoff, W.J. & Goodhill, G.J. (2008). Analysis of the growth cone turning assay for studying axon guidance. *J. Neurosci. Meth.*, **170**, 220-228.
33. Mortimer, D., Fothergill, T., Pujic, Z., Richards, L.J. & Goodhill, G.J. (2008). Growth cone chemotaxis. *Trends Neurosci.*, **31**, 90-98.
32. Goodhill, G.J. (2007). Contributions of theoretical modelling to the understanding of neural map development. *Neuron*, **56**, 301-311.
31. Giacomantonio, C.E. & Goodhill, G.J. (2007). The Effect of Angioscotomas on Map Structure in Primary Visual Cortex. *J. Neurosci.*, **27**, 4935-4946.
30. Goodhill, G.J. & Xu, J. (2005). The development of retinotectal maps: a review of models based on molecular gradients. *Network*, **16**, 5-34.
29. Xu, J., Rosoff, W.J., Urbach, J.S. & Goodhill, G.J. (2005). Adaptation is not required to explain the long-term response of axons to molecular gradients. *Development*, **132**, 4545-4552.
28. Rosoff, W.J, McAllister, R.G., Esrick, M.A., Goodhill, G.J. & Urbach, J.S. (2005). Generating controlled molecular gradients in 3D gels. *Biotechnology and Bioengineering*, **91**, 754-759.
27. Carreira-Perpiñán, M. Á., Lister, R. & Goodhill, G.J. (2005). A computational model for the development of multiple maps in primary visual cortex. *Cerebral Cortex*, **15**, 1222-33.
26. Carreira-Perpiñán, M.Á. & Goodhill, G.J. (2004). The influence of lateral connections on the structure of cortical maps. *Journal of Neurophysiology*, **92**, 2947-2959.
25. Goodhill, G.J., Gu, M. & Urbach, J.S. (2004). Predicting axonal response to molecular gradients with a computational model of filopodial dynamics. *Neural Computation*, **16**, 2221-2243.
24. Rosoff, W.J., Urbach, J.S., Esrick, M., McAllister, R.G., Richards, L.J. & Goodhill, G.J. (2004). A new chemotaxis assay shows the extreme sensitivity of axons to molecular gradients. *Nature Neuroscience*, **7**, 678-682.
23. Goodhill, G.J. (2003) A theoretical model of axon guidance by the robo code. *Neural Computation*, **15**, 549-564.
22. Carreira-Perpiñán, M. Á. & Goodhill, G.J. (2002). Are visual cortex maps optimized for coverage? *Neural Computation*, **14**, 1545-1560.
21. Haese, K. & Goodhill, G.J. (2001). Auto-SOM: Recursive parameter estimation for guidance of self-organizing feature maps. *Neural Computation*, **13**, 595-619.
20. Goodhill, G.J. & Cimponeriu, A. (2000). Analysis of the elastic net model applied to the formation of ocular dominance and orientation columns. *Network*, **11**, 153-168.
19. Goodhill, G.J. (2000). Dating behavior of the retinal ganglion cell. *Neuron*, **25**, 501-503.
18. Cimponeriu, A. & Goodhill, G.J. (2000). Dynamics of cortical map development in the elastic net model. *Neurocomputing*, **32**, 83-90.

17. Goodhill, G.J. & Richards, L.J. (1999). Retinotectal maps: molecules, models, and misplaced data. *Trends in Neurosciences*, **22**, 529-534.
16. Goodhill, G.J. & Urbach, J.S. (1999). Theoretical analysis of gradient detection by growth cones. *Journal of Neurobiology*, **41**, 230-241.
15. Urbach, J.S. & Goodhill, G.J. (1999). Limitations on detection of gradients of diffusible chemicals by axons. *Neurocomputing*, **26-27**, 39-43.
14. Goodhill, G.J. (1998). The influence of neural activity and intracortical interactions on the periodicity of ocular dominance stripes. *Network*, **9**, 419-432.
13. Goodhill, G.J. (1998). Mathematical guidance for axons. *Trends in Neurosciences*, **21**, 226-231.
12. Goodhill, G.J. & Baier, H. (1998). Axon guidance: stretching gradients to the limit. *Neural Computation*, **10**, 521-527.
11. Goodhill, G.J. (1997). Stimulating issues in cortical map development. *Trends in Neurosciences*, **20**, 375-376.
10. Goodhill, G.J. & Sejnowski, T.J. (1997). A unifying objective function for topographic mappings. *Neural Computation*, **9**, 1291-1304.
9. Goodhill, G.J. (1997). Diffusion in axon guidance. *European Journal of Neuroscience*, **9**, 1414-1421.
8. Goodhill, G.J., Bates, K.R. & Montague, P.R. (1997). Influences on the global structure of cortical maps. *Proceedings of the Royal Society, Series B*, **264**, 649-655.
7. Goodhill, G.J. & Löwel, S. (1995). Theory meets experiment: correlated neural activity helps determine ocular dominance column periodicity. *Trends in Neurosciences*, **18**, 437-439.
6. Goodhill, G.J., Simmen, M., & Willshaw, D.J. (1995). An evaluation of the use of Multidimensional Scaling for understanding brain connectivity. *Phil. Trans. Roy. Soc. Lond. B*, **348**, 265-280.
5. Simmen, M., Goodhill, G.J. & Willshaw, D.J. (1994). Scaling and brain connectivity. *Nature*, **369**, 448-450.
4. Goodhill, G.J. & Willshaw, D.J. (1994). Elastic net model of ocular dominance: Overall stripe pattern and monocular deprivation. *Neural Computation*, **6**, 615-621.
3. Goodhill, G.J. & Barrow, H.G. (1994). The role of weight normalization in competitive learning. *Neural Computation*, **6**, 255-269.
2. Goodhill, G.J. (1993). Topography and ocular dominance: a model exploring positive correlations. *Biological Cybernetics*, **69**, 109-118.
1. Goodhill, G.J. & Willshaw, D.J. (1990). Application of the elastic net algorithm to the formation of ocular dominance stripes. *Network*, **1**, 41-59.

## Book Chapters

8. Mortimer D. & Goodhill, G.J. (2009). Axonal Pathfinding. In: Squire LR (ed.) *Encyclopedia of Neuroscience*, **1**, 1133-1138. Oxford: Academic Press.
7. Goodhill, G.J. & Urbach, J.S. (2003). Axon guidance and gradient detection by growth cones. In "Modeling Neural Development", ed. Arjen Van Ooyen, MIT Press, 95-109.
6. Goodhill, G.J. (2002). Development of retinotectal maps, in "The Handbook of Brain Theory and Neural Networks", 2nd edition, ed. Michael Arbib, MIT Press, 335-339.
5. Goodhill, G.J. (2002). Axonal path finding, in "The Handbook of Brain Theory and Neural Networks", 2nd edition, ed. Michael Arbib, MIT Press, 140-143.
4. Goodhill, G.J. & Carreira-Perpiñán, M. Á. (2002). Cortical columns. *Encyclopedia of Cognitive Science*, Macmillan, **1**, 845-851.
3. Goodhill, G.J. (2002). Models of neural development. *Encyclopedia of Cognitive Science*, Macmillan, **3**, 261-267.

2. Goodhill, G.J. (2002). Neural development: mechanisms and models. *International Encyclopedia of the Social and Behavioral Sciences*, Elsevier, 10522-10526.

1. Goodhill, G.J. & Carreira-Perpiñán, M. Á. (2002). Development of columnar structure in primary visual cortex. In "Computational Neuroanatomy: Methods and Principles", ed. Georgio Ascoli, Humana Press, 337-357.

## Refereed Conference Proceedings Papers

13. Carreira-Perpiñán, M.Á, Dayan, P. & Goodhill, G.J. (2005). Differential priors for elastic nets. M. Gallagher, J. Hogan, F. Maire (Eds.): IDEAL 2005, Lecture Notes in Computer Science 3578, 335-342, 2005.

12. Goodhill, G.J. (1998). Gradients for retinotectal mapping. *Advances in Neural Information Processing Systems*, **10**, M.I. Jordan, M.J. Kearns & S.A. Solla, eds, MIT Press, 152-158.

11. Goodhill, G.J. (1998). A mathematical model of axon guidance by diffusible factors. *Advances in Neural Information Processing Systems*, **10**, M.I. Jordan, M.J. Kearns & S.A. Solla, eds, MIT Press, 159-165.

10. Goodhill, G.J. & Sejnowski, T.J. (1997). Objective functions for topography: a comparison of optimal maps. In *Proceedings of the Fourth Neural Computation and Psychology Workshop: Connectionist Representations*, eds. John A. Bullinaria, David G. Glasspool & George Houghton (1997). London: Springer-Verlag.

9. Goodhill, G.J. and Sejnowski, T.J. (1996) Quantifying neighbourhood preservation in topographic mappings. In: *Proceedings of the 3rd Joint Symposium on Neural Computation*, University of California, San Diego and California Institute of Technology, Vol. 6, Pasadena, CA: California Institute of Technology, 61-82.

8. Goodhill, G.J., Finch, S. & Sejnowski, T.J. (1996). Optimizing cortical mappings. *Advances in Neural Information Processing Systems*, **8**, eds. David S. Touretzky, Michael C. Mozer & Michael E. Hasselmo, MIT Press: Cambridge, MA, 330-336.

7. Goodhill, G.J., Finch, S., & Sejnowski, T.J. (1995). A unifying measure for neighbourhood preservation in topographic mappings. In: *Proceedings of the 2nd Joint Symposium on Neural Computation*, University of California, San Diego, and California Institute of Technology, Vol. 5, 191-202, Institute for Neural Computation, La Jolla, CA.

6. Zamora-Ramos, C. & Goodhill, G.J. (1994). A neural computation: spatial to temporal transformation. In *Information Processing Underlying Gaze Control*, eds. J.M. Delgado-Garcia, E. Godaux and P.-P. Vidal, 125-137, Pergamon.

5. Aguilar-Chongtay, R., Goodhill, G.J. & Hayes, G. (1993). Exploración empírica de un modelo de desarrollo de columnas de dominancia ocular. *Memorias de Reunión Nacional de Inteligencia Artificial, México*, 1993.

4. Goodhill, G.J. (1993). Topography and Ocular Dominance with Positive Correlations. *Advances in Neural Information Processing Systems*, **5**, eds. C.L. Giles, S.J. Hanson and J.D. Cowan, Morgan Kaufman, San Mateo, CA.

3. Dayan, P.S. & Goodhill, G.J. (1992). Perturbing Hebbian rules. *Advances Neural Information Processing Systems*, **4**, 19-26, eds. J.E. Moody, S.J. Hanson and R.P. Lippman, Morgan Kaufman, San Mateo, CA.

2. Goodhill, G.J. (1991). Topography and ocular dominance can arise from distributed patterns of activity. *Proceedings of the International Joint Conference on Neural Networks, Seattle, 1991*, **II**, 623-627.

1. Goodhill, G.J. (1990). The development of topography and ocular dominance. *Proceedings of the 1990 Connectionist Models Summer School*, 338-349, eds. D.S. Touretzky, J.L. Elman, T.J. Sejnowski, and G.E. Hinton, Morgan Kaufman, San Mateo, CA.

## Book Reviews

6. Goodhill, G.J. (2006). Review of "Computational Maps in the Visual Cortex" by R. Miikkulainen, J.A. Bednar, Y. Choe & J. Sirosh, Springer, 2005. *IEEE Computational Intelligence Magazine*, **1**, 54-55.

5. Goodhill, G.J. (2006). Review of "Computational Maps in the Visual Cortex" by R. Miikkulainen, J.A. Bednar, Y. Choe & J. Sirosh, Springer, 2005. *Clinical and Experimental Ophthalmology*, **34**, 705-706.
4. Chitnis, A. & Goodhill, G.J. (2001). Molecules, magnets and mathematics. Review of "Signs of Life: How Complexity Pervades Biology" by R. V. Sole & B. Goodwin, Basic Books, 2001. *Cell*, **105**, 328-329.
3. Richards, L.J. & Goodhill, G.J. (2001). Cortical construction: from molecules to models. Review of "Mechanisms of Cortical Development" by D.J. Price & D.J. Willshaw, Oxford, 2000. *Nature Neuroscience*, **4**, 13.
2. Goodhill, G.J. (1998). Integrating neural functions. Review of "Neural Organization: Structure, Function and Dynamics" by M.A. Arbib, P. Érdi & J. Szentágothai, MIT Press, 1998. *Neuron*, **20**, 833-834.
1. Goodhill, G.J. (1996). Review of "How we learn; how we remember: towards an understanding of brain and neural systems. Selected papers of Leon N. Cooper", World Scientific Publishing Co Ltd, 1995. *Journal of Chemical Neuroanatomy*, **11**, 284-285.

## Technical Reports

3. Goodhill, G.J., Finch, S. & Sejnowski, T.J. (1995). Quantifying neighbourhood preservation in topographic mappings. Institute for Neural Computation Technical Report Series, No. INC-9505, November 1995.
2. Goodhill, G.J., Simmen, M., & Willshaw, D.J. (1994). An evaluation of the use of Multidimensional Scaling for understanding brain connectivity. Edinburgh University Centre for Cognitive Science Research Paper EUCCS / RP-63.
1. Goodhill, G.J. (1992). Correlations, Competition and Optimality: Modelling the Development of Topography and Ocular Dominance. Cognitive Science Research Paper CSRP 226, University of Sussex.

## Abstracts

23. Mortimer, D., Dayan, P., Burrage, K. & Goodhill, G.J. (2009). A Bayesian model of chemotaxis. *ANZIAM 45th Applied Mathematics Conference*, Caloundra, QLD, February 2009.
22. Hunt, J.J., Giacomantonio, C.E., Tang, H., Mortimer, D., Jaffer, S., Vorobyov, V., Ericksson, G., Sengpiel, F. & Goodhill, G.J. (2008). Abnormal visual input during development does not alter the co-circularity statistics of orientation maps in visual cortex. *Society for Neuroscience abstracts*, Program No. 724.12.
21. Vaughan, T., Mortimer, D., Feldner, J., Vetter, I., Pujic, Z., Rosoff, W.J., Burrage, K., Dayan, P., Richards, L.J. & Goodhill, G.J. (2008). Signal-to-noise ratio is a key determinant of the response of axons to molecular gradients. *Society for Neuroscience abstracts*, Program No. 26.1.
20. Pujic, Z., Giacomantonio, C.E., Unni, D., Rosoff, W.J. & Goodhill, G.J. (2007). Analysis of the growth cone turning assay for studying axon guidance. *Society for Neuroscience abstracts*, Program No. 33.11.
19. Hunt, J.J., Smith, D.H., Mortimer, D., Giacomantonio, C.E., Tang, H., Ericksson, G., Sengpiel, F. & Goodhill, G.J. (2007). The influence of natural scene statistics on the structure of orientation maps. *Vision Down Under*, Palm Cove, QLD, Australia, July 2007.
18. Mortimer, D., Dayan, P., Burrage, K. & Goodhill, G.J. (2007). A Bayesian model of growth cone gradient detection. *Society for Neuroscience abstracts*, Program No. 33.5.
17. A computational model of the effect of angioscotomas on visual cortical maps. Giacomantonio, C.E. & Goodhill, G.J. (2006). *Proceedings of the 26th Australian Neuroscience Society Annual Meeting*, ORAL-09-02.
16. Pujic, Z. Rosoff, W.J., Mortimer, D., Unni, D. & Goodhill, G.J. (2006). The long-term response of axons to stable molecular gradients: attraction versus repulsion. *Proceedings of the 26th Australian Neuroscience Society Annual Meeting*, ORAL-08-06.
15. Mortimer, D., Dayan, P., Burrage, K. & Goodhill, G.J. (2006). Bayesian analysis of cone gradient detection. *Proceedings of the 26th Australian Neuroscience Society Annual Meeting*, ORAL-08-03.

14. Mortimer, D., Dayan, P. & Goodhill, G.J. (2005). Growth cone gradient detection: a Bayesian analysis. *Society for Neuroscience abstracts*, Program No. 146.12.
13. Rosoff, W.J., Ashari, P., McAllister, R.G., Esrick, M.A., Richards, L.J., Urbach, J.S. & Goodhill, G.J. (2004). Response of drg neurites to very shallow Sema3A gradients using a new chemotaxis assay. *Axon Guidance & Neural Plasticity meeting*, Cold Spring Harbor.
12. Xu, J., Urbach, J.S. & Goodhill, G.J. (2004). Predicting the spatial and temporal scales required for the signal transduction networks underlying growth cone chemotaxis. *Axon Guidance & Neural Plasticity meeting*, Cold Spring Harbor.
11. Rosoff, W.J., Urbach, J.S., Esrick, M.A., Richards, L.J. & Goodhill, G.J. (2003). A novel chemotaxis assay reveals the extreme sensitivity of axons to molecular gradients. *Formation and Function of Neuronal Circuits meeting*, Ascona, Switzerland.
10. Rosoff, W.J., Urbach, J.S., Esrick, M.A., Richards, L.J. & Goodhill, G.J. (2003). A novel chemotaxis assay reveals the extreme sensitivity of axons to molecular gradients. *Society for Neuroscience abstracts*, **29**, Program No. 884.5.
9. Goodhill, G.J., Gu, M. & Urbach, J.S. (2002). The contribution of growth cone filopodia to gradient sensing and movement: a computational model. *Axon Guidance & Neural Plasticity meeting*, Cold Spring Harbor.
8. Rosoff, W.J., Esrick, M.A., Gardner, D., Savich, J., Richards, L.J., Urbach, J.S. & Goodhill, G.J. (2001). A novel method for establishing defined gradients in gels. *Society for Neuroscience abstracts*, **27**, Program No. 795.1.
7. Carreira-Perpiñán, M. Á. & Goodhill, G.J. (2001). The effect of variable elastic topologies on the structure of ocular dominance and orientation maps. *Society for Neuroscience abstracts*, **27**, Program No. 475.21.
6. Goodhill, G.J. & Cimponeriu, A. (1999). Staging of orientation and ocular dominance column development in primary visual cortex and its consequences for map structure. *Society for Neuroscience abstracts*, **25**, 2264.
5. Goodhill, G.J. & Urbach, J.S. (1998). Physical constraints on axonal gradient detection. *Society for Neuroscience abstracts*, **24**, 30.
4. Goodhill, G.J. (1997). Theoretical model of axon guidance by a target-derived diffusible factor. *Society for Neuroscience abstracts*, **23**, 1957.
3. Goodhill, G.J. (1997). Axon guidance by diffusible factors: mathematical constraints. *Brain Research Association abstracts*, **14**, 44.
2. Goodhill, G.J. (1996). Optimization principles for cortical mappings: ocular dominance columns. *Society for Neuroscience abstracts*, **22**, 645.
1. Bates, K., Goodhill, G.J., Assad, J. & Montague, P.R. (1995). A theoretical study of the influence of correlated activity on the global structure of ocular dominance stripes. *Society for Neuroscience abstracts*, **21**, 392.

## Ad-hoc Reviewing

- **Granting agencies:**

- Australian Research Council
- National Health and Medical Research Council (Australia)
- Civilian Research and Development Foundation (USA).
- CRCNS Review Panel Member (Collaborative Research in Computational Neuroscience, jointly sponsored by NSF/NIH, USA).
- NSF (Integrative Biology and Neuroscience, USA).
- American Paralysis Association

- NSERC (Canada)
- Wellcome Trust (UK)
- BBSRC (Biotechnology and Biological Sciences Research Council, UK)
- EPSRC (Engineering and Physical Sciences Research Council, UK)
- NWO (Netherlands Organization for Scientific Research)
- Neurological Foundation of New Zealand
- Raine Medical Research Foundation (Australia)

- **Publishers:**

- MIT Press

- **Journals:**

- Biological Cybernetics
- Biomaterials
- Biophysical Journal
- BMC Neuroscience
- Bulletin of Mathematical Biology
- Cell
- Cerebral Cortex
- Cognitive Science
- Development
- European Journal of Neuroscience
- Hippocampus
- IEEE Transactions on Neural Networks
- IET Systems Biology
- International Journal of Neural Systems
- Journal of Cognitive Neuroscience
- Journal of Computational Neuroscience
- Journal of Mathematical Biology
- Journal of Neurophysiology
- Journal of Neuroscience
- Journal of Theoretical Biology
- Mathematical Medicine and Biology
- Mechanisms of Development
- Nature
- Nature Neuroscience
- Nature Physics
- Network: Computation in Neural Systems
- Neural Computation
- Neural Networks
- Neurocomputing
- Neuron
- Neuroscience

- Physical Review Letters
  - PLoS (Public Library of Science) Biology
  - PLoS (Public Library of Science) Computational Biology
  - PLoS (Public Library of Science) One
  - PNAS
  - Proceedings of the Royal Society, Series B
  - Science
  - Swarm Intelligence
  - Vision Research
  - Visual Neuroscience
- **Conferences:**
    - Neural Information Processing Systems (NIPS) conference (1998, 1999, 2005).

## Teaching

### University of Queensland

**Course Coordinator:** MATH2200, Scientific Computing (2006 - present).

**Course Coordinator:** MATH3104, Mathematical Biology (2007 - present).

**Lecturer:** MATH3104, Mathematical Biology (2005 - present).

**Lecturer:** PHYS3170, Biophysics (2007 - present).

#### PhD Students:

- Duncan Mortimer (2005 - present)
- Jonathan Hunt (2007 - present)
- Hugh Simpson (2007 - present)
- Clare Giacomantonio (2008 - present)

#### Undergraduate/Masters students

- **Physics MSc Students:** Wataru Suzuki (2008 - present).
- **Advanced Studies Students:** Jennifer Burley (2006), Joshua Bartlett (2006), Mark Drager (2007), Tim Lambertson (2008).

#### Postdocs:

- Zac Pujic (2005 - present).
- Tim Vaughan (2007 - 2008).
- David Smith (2007 - 2008).
- Julia Feldner (2007 - 2008).
- Irina Vetter (2007 - 2008).
- William Rosoff (2005 - 2007).
- Huajin Tang (2006 - 2007).

## Georgetown University

**Course Director:** Medical Neuroscience Laboratory (2004).

**Course Director:** NSCI-501, Graduate course in Developmental Neuroscience (1997 - 2004). *Overall rating 4.4/5.0.*

**Course Director:** NSCI-526, Graduate course in Computational Neuroscience (1998 - 2004).

**Lecturer:** Medical Neuroscience course (2001 - 2004). *Overall rating 3.9/5.0 = "Excellent" based on feedback from 250 students; feedback for the  $\approx$  20 other lecturers in this course was in the range 2.9-3.7.*

**Lecturer:** Medical Embryology course (1999 - 2001).

**Lecturer:** MICB-505, Interdisciplinary Research Survey Course (1998 - 2004).

**Lecturer:** PHYS-220, Research Frontiers in Biophysics (1997 - 2004).

**Lecturer:** Neuroscience survey course (1997 - 2004).

### Students:

- **Thesis Committees:** Hugh Moulding (1998-2000), Liza Bundersen (1999-2003), Peter Turkeltaub (2000-2003).
- **Graduate students:** Carolyn Greene (rotation 1997); Dan Gardner (rotation 1998); Brent Richards (rotation 2000), Brek Eaton (rotation 2003), Yi Zhang (rotation 2003).
- **Undergraduate students:** Jeff Brogan (1997); Darren Fiore (1998); Steve Pesanti (2000); Jason Savich (2000 - 2004); Michael Kwon (2001 - 2002); Sumeet Mitter (2001 - 2004); Ming Gu (2002); David Swartz (2002); Doug Bemis (2002); Sumeet Mittar (2002-2003), Richard Arevalo (2003).

### Postdocs:

- Shau-Ming Wu (1997 - 1998).
- Andrei Cimponeriu (1998 - 1999).
- Sarah Leshner (1999 - 2000).
- Miguel Carreira-Perpiñán (2000 - 2003).
- William Rosoff (2000 - 2004).
- Jun Xu (2003 - 2004).

## Previous to Georgetown

**Course Director:** M.Sc. course in Computational Neuroscience at Stirling University (1993).

**Lecturer:** M.Sc. course in Neural Networks at Edinburgh University (1992 - 1994).

**Lecturer:** M.Sc. course in Neural Networks at Dundee University (1994).

**Lecturer:** Undergraduate course in Neural Development at Edinburgh University (1994).

### Students:

- **M.Sc. students** at Edinburgh University: Rocio Aguilar-Chongtay (1992); Steven Carter (1993).
- **Rotation and Summer students** at the Salk Institute and Baylor College of Medicine: Kevin Franks (1994); Doug Rohde (1995).

## Service

- **Member:** Planning committee for University of Queensland Computational Science dual major.
- **Member:** Georgetown University Medical Center Committee on Appointments and Promotions (2001 - 2004).
- **Member:** Georgetown University Taskforce on Bioinformatics, Statistics and Computing (2002).
- **Member:** Georgetown University Committee to establish a cross-campus graduate program in Bio-computing (2003).
- **Chair:** Neuroscience Department / GICCS Information Technology Committee (1998 - 2004).
- **Chair:** Neuroscience Department Environment Committee (2000 - 2004).
- **Member:** Neuroscience Department Faculty Search Committee (2002 - 2004).
- **Member:** Neuroscience Department Seminar Committee (2001 - 2004).
- **Member:** Neuroscience Department Executive Committee (1999 - 2001).
- **Member:** Curriculum Committee for the Interdisciplinary Graduate Program in Neuroscience (2000 - 2004).
- **Member:** Admissions Committee for the Interdisciplinary Graduate Program in Neuroscience (1998 - 2001).
- **Member:** GICCS Space Committee (1997-1998).
- **Member:** GICCS Executive Committee (1999).

## Invited Lectures

- “The application of the elastic net algorithm to combinatorial optimization problems”. Applied Mathematics, Bristol University, 11/88.
- “The application of the elastic net algorithm to the formation of ocular dominance stripes”. Artificial Intelligence, Edinburgh University, 2/89.
- “Can neural networks refresh the parts other algorithms cannot reach?”. Logica Cambridge, 5/90.
- “The development of topography and ocular dominance in the visual system”. Cognitive Science, Edinburgh University, 9/90.
- “Ocular dominance: theories and experiments.” Physiology, Oxford University, 4/92.
- “The development of ocular dominance”. Philosophy/Psychology, Dundee University, 5/92.
- “The role of weight normalization in competitive learning”. Connectionist Research Group, Toronto University, 11/92.
- “The development of ocularly dominant cells in visual cortex”. Institute for Neural Computation, Salk Institute/UCSD, 11/92.
- “Models for the development of ocular dominance”. Electrical Engineering, Brunel University, 6/93.
- “Multidimensional scaling and brain connectivity”. Division of Neuroscience, Baylor College of Medicine, 10/93.
- “Computational models for ocular dominance: an overview”. British Society for Developmental Biology Meeting, Edinburgh, 4/94.
- “Functional segregation in the cortex”. Cognitive Science, Sussex University, 5/94.

- “Computational models for ocular dominance segregation”. Institut für Theoretische Physik, J.W. Goethe-Universität, Frankfurt, 9/94.
- “A new role for activity in cortical pattern formation”. Salk Institute, San Diego, 4/95.
- “Topographic mappings and brain development”. Neural Computing Group, Aston University, Birmingham, UK, 6/95.
- “Computational models of brain development”. Computer Science, Carnegie-Mellon University, Pittsburgh, 10/95.
- “Theoretical models of brain development”. Center for Neural Science, New York University, New York, 11/95.
- “A Unifying Measure for Topographic Mappings”, International Computer Science Institute, Berkeley, 4/96.
- “Understanding the structure of cortical maps”. NIH, Bethesda, 10/96.
- “Diffusion in Axon Guidance”, Brain Research Association annual conference, Liverpool, 4/97.
- “Quantitative Approaches to Axon Guidance”, Biomedical Engineering, Johns Hopkins University, 5/97.
- “Mathematical model of axon guidance by diffusible factors”, Cold Spring Harbor, 1/98.
- “Neural Development”, Tutorial (3 hours) given at the International Conference on Artificial Neural Networks in Edinburgh, 9/99.
- “Computational Models of Neural Development”, Anatomy & Neurobiology, University of Maryland, 9/99.
- “Computational Models of Neural Development”, Neurobiology, Mount Sinai School of Medicine, 12/99.
- “Computational Models of Neural Development”, Neuroscience, UC Davis, 4/00.
- “Computational models of axon guidance and visual map development”, Center for Molecular and Behavioral Neuroscience, Rutgers University, 11/00.
- “Computational models of column development in visual cortex”, Department of Biology, George Mason University, 1/01.
- “Computational Models of Neural Development”, Maryland Biotechnology Center, University of Maryland Center, 6/01.
- “The effect of variable elastic topologies on the structure of ocular dominance and orientation maps”, Cold Spring Harbor, 10/01.
- “Interconnects in biological systems”, Defense Sciences Research Council workshop on interconnects in nano-, micro-, and macrosystems, Arlington, 12/01.
- “Computational models of neural development”, Neuroscience Department, Baylor College of Medicine, 1/02.
- “How do axons detect gradients?”, Neural and Cognitive Sciences, University of Maryland, 2/02.
- “Visual cortical maps and computational models of their development”, Neural and Cognitive Sciences, University of Maryland, 3/02.
- “Wiring up the brain: how axons detect gradients”, Systems Neuroscience Spring School, Nara, Japan, 3/03.
- “Wiring up the brain: how axons detect gradients”, MRC Centre for Developmental Neurobiology, London, 3/03.
- “Wiring up the brain: how axons detect gradients”, Institute for Adaptive and Neural Computation, Edinburgh University, 3/03.
- “Axon guidance and visual cortical maps: experiments and computational models”, University of New South Wales, Australia, 6/03.

- “Axon guidance and visual cortical maps: experiments and computational models”, Australian National University, 6/03.
- “Axon guidance and visual cortical maps: experiments and computational models”, University of Queensland, Australia, 6/03.
- “Axon guidance: models and experiments”, Gatsby Computational Neuroscience Unit, University College London, 1/04.
- “Modeling cortical maps with the elastic net algorithm”. Workshop on Mathematical Neuroscience, Berkeley, 3/04.
- “Computational models of neural development”, Department of Informatics, Edinburgh University, 4/04.
- “How do axons detect molecular gradients?”, Queensland Brain Institute, University of Queensland, 7/04.
- “Computational models of visual cortical map formation”, Department of Mathematics, University of Queensland, 7/04.
- “Axonal chemotaxis: theories and experiments”, Center for Neurobiology and Behavior, Columbia University, 4/05.
- “Axonal chemotaxis: theories and experiments”, Salk Institute, 4/05.
- “Axonal chemotaxis: theories and experiments”, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratories, 4/05.
- “Axonal chemotaxis: theories and experiments”, Salk Institute, 4/05.
- “Understanding the brain as a computational device”, Winter School in Computational Biology, University of Queensland, 7/05.
- “Gradient detection by growth cones is limited by stochastic fluctuations in receptor binding”, Institute of Neuroscience, Shanghai, China, 10/05.
- “Computational modelling of connectivity development in visual cortex”, Connectivity Symposium - Neuroimaging and Systems Neuroscience Approaches, Australian Neuroscience Society Annual Meeting, Sydney, 2/06.
- “How do axons detect molecular gradients?” Axon Guidance Symposium, Australian Neuroscience Society Annual Meeting, Sydney, 2/06.
- “Axon guidance: theories and experiments”, Workshop on Mathematical Models of Development and Learning in the Nervous System, Edinburgh University, 7/06
- “Axon guidance and map formation”, Okinawa Computational Neuroscience Course, Japan, 6/06.
- “Noise constraints on axonal chemotaxis”, Workshop on Mathematical and Computational Neuroscience, University of Queensland, 8/06.
- “The effect of neural activity on visual cortical map development”, Second Pacific Rim Brain Conference, Queensland, 8/06.
- “Measuring and modelling axonal chemotaxis”, Institute of Neuroscience, Shanghai, China, 10/06.
- “Normative models of chemotaxis in shallow gradients”, Gordon Research Conference on Gradient Sensing & Directed Cell Migration, Ventura, USA, 1/07.
- “Mathematical models of visual map development in the brain”, University of Sydney, 8/07.
- “Computational models for the development of neuronal wiring”, Riken Brain Sciences Institute, Tokyo, 9/07.
- “Optimal signal processing for axonal chemotaxis”, joint Wellcome Trust / Cold Spring Harbor meeting on Integrative Approaches to Brain Complexity, Hinxton, UK, 10/07.
- “Formation and structure of visual maps”, educational session at the Human Brain Mapping conference, Melbourne, 6/08.
- “Measuring and modeling the limits of axon guidance by molecular gradients”, University of Tasmania, 10/08.

- “Wiring the brain: modelling axon guidance & visual map development” Informatics, University of Edinburgh, 3/09.
- “Wiring the brain: modelling axon guidance & visual map development” Stirling University, 3/09.
- “The response of axons to molecular gradients is predicted by a Bayesian model”, Mathematical Neuroscience Workshop, Royal Society of Edinburgh, 03/09.